

When ʿEīd Is On Jumuʿah Then The Obligation of The Jumuʿah Prayer Is Lifted Compiled by Abū Afnān Muḥammad ʾAbdullah (حفظه الله)



Al-Imām Al-Buhūtī (حَمَّه الله) stated, "If the `Eīd corresponds with Jumuʿah, then the [obligation] of praying Jumuʿah is removed from the person who attended the `Eīd prayer with the Imām."

From those who mentioned that the obligation of the Jumuʿah prayer is lifted were, Al-Shaʿbī, Al-Nakhā'ī and Al-Awzā ī (رضي الله عنهم). It is said that this is the madhhab of ʿUmar, ʿUthmān, ʿAlī, Ibn ʿUmar, Ibn ʿAbbās and Ibn Al-Zubayr (رضى الله عنهم)

Our proof is the ḥadīth of Abī Hurayrah (رضي الله عنه) who narrated that **the Prophet** عليه وسلم stated, 'There are two 'Eids coinciding on this day of yours (i.e. Friday), so whoever wishes, then (praying the 'Eīd prayer) suffices for praying Al-Jumu 'ah.' ¹

However, with regards to the Imām, the obligation of Jumuʿah is not lifted due to the **Prophet's** صلي الله عليه وسلم statement, "but we are praying Jumuʿah (i.e. the Imām and those who attend)." ²

Shaykh Al-Islām Ibn Taymiyah (رحمه الله) stated regarding Jumuʿah not being an obligation upon the one who prayed the ʿEīd prayer,

"And there is no known difference of opinion amongst the companions regarding this."

³ [Majmū' Al-Fatāwá, v.24, pg.211]



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¹ [Abū Dawūd, no.1073 and Ibn Mājah, no.1311 and deemed authentic by Sheikh al Albānī]

² [Al-Minha Al-Shāfiyāt bi Sharḥ Al-Mufradāt, pgs. 264-265]